

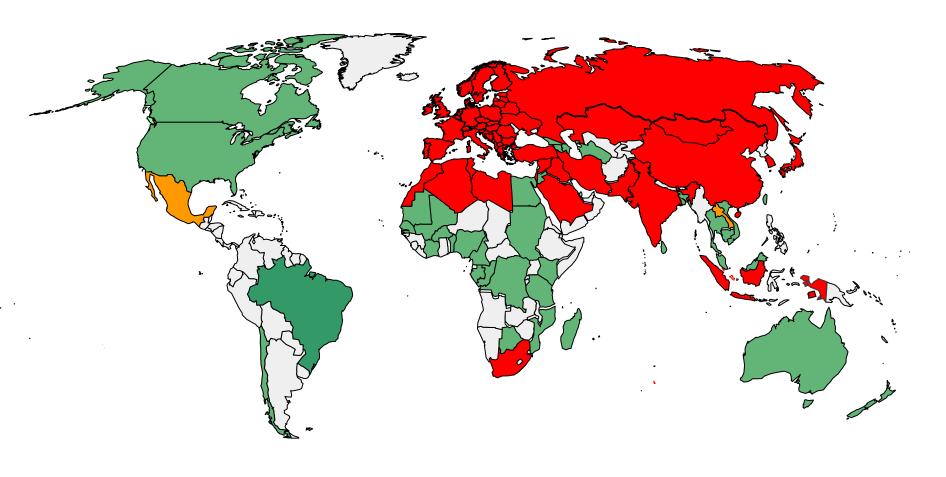
unity, solidarity, universality

Adapting Rail Infrastructure to a Changing Climate – Public private collaboration

Alexander Veitch Head of Unit – Sustainable Development OECD, Paris, 11th May 2012

UIC: The International Union of Railways

200 members worldwide website: www.uic.org







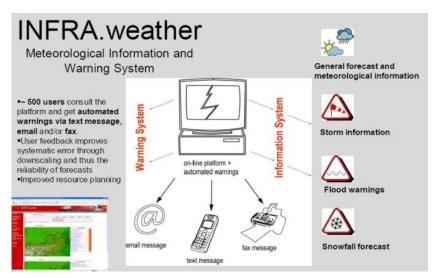


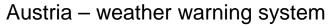


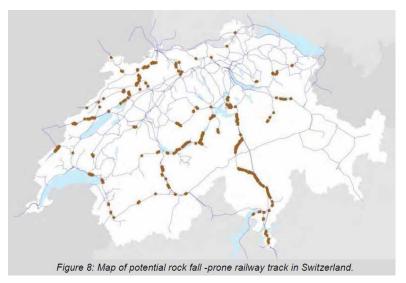


Railways actions – from 2010 to 2012

- ➤ In 2010, the UIC ARISCC project reported on integrated weather event and natural hazard management and CC Adaptation see www.ariscc.org
- ➤ We found many good examples of weather warning, vulnerability mapping, and risk assessment, but few examples of future climate models being used
- ➤ In just two years the position has changed and in 2012 many more railways are developing detailed adaptation plans, using the latest climate model info.







Switzerland – rock fall prediction map



Case Study - SNCF

CLIMATE CHANGE FOR A SUSTAINABLE MOBILITY OPERATOR

CLIMAT D-RAIL PROJECT

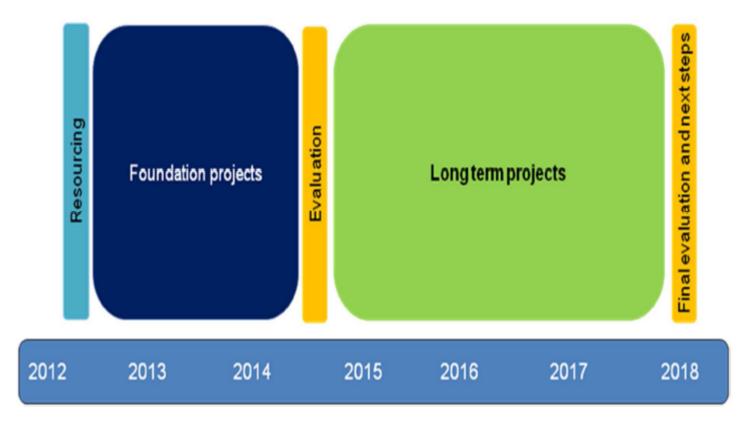
First Studies				Operative
Oct 2011	Jan 2012	March 2012	June 2012	
Identification of CC impacts, Vulnerability and adaptation schedule	Adaptation alternatives vs. impacts	Scenarios towards the future (social, economic, environment, mobility,)	Plans for each division and global governance	



Case Study – Network Rail

NetworkRail

Proposed Programme



The proposed work will be sponsored by RSSB's Research Programme – currently this is subject to approval



Case Study – JR East



JR East's strategy

Long-term Tendency

Climate But difficult to specify what, where, when, how often.

Natural Hazards



- Some disasters can be predicted. But we cannot predict accurately enough.
- It is important to take measures based on possible scenarios of damage.

Conclusions – Public Private Partnership

- The modern rail sector is a varied mix of private operators, public service franchise contracts, and nationally owned companies
- A key requirement is strong cooperation on climate forecasting:
 - Adaptation of infrastructure needs detailed information about impacts at the local level
 - Rolling stock has a long lifetime, so manufacturers need to know the operating conditions for 30, 40 even 50 years ahead
- > The broader issue is making the railways resilient to climate change
 - Updated standards are needed for new infrastructure. A greater challenge is existing infrastructure which may be over 100 years old!
 - Railways are now working on detailed, costs and plans for adaptation, and additional investment may be required





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Thank you for your kind attention Email for more information: veitch@uic.org

Alexander Veitch Head of Unit – Sustainable Development

OECD, Paris, 11th May 2012